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immigration authorities are held by the board of inquiry to come within this last named category, and they are being bundled back across the ocean in droves. At the office of the Commissioner of Immigration on Ellis Island it was said yesterday that 980 immigrants have been deported from Jan. 1 of this year to and including

> "I should say that fully two-thirds of the immigrants now arriving and fully twothirds of those whom we are deporting are Russian Jews," said an immigration official. "They land here penniless and utterly helpless. There is nothing to do but to deliver | POOLROOM ON WHEELS CLOSED. them over to the steamship companies to be taken back. As to those who come here penniless having friends, why friends for the occasion in such cases are often only too easily provided."

yesterday not being available.

There are among the Hebrews in this city some who think that the immigration regulations are perhaps being applied too rigorously in the case of the Russian Jews who are fleeing to this country.

Samuel Rockow of 1394 Bergen street, Brooklyn, is one of these. Speaking on the subject yesterday, Mr. Rockow said: "Are the officials of the Immigration

Bureau at Ellis Island paid agents of the Russian Government in deporting the Russian Jews back to despotic and darkest Russia—back to the land of oppression and tyranny—as soon as they set foot on American soil?

"The war between Japan and Russia has a becaused all means of sustaining

has exhausted all means of sustaining human life; hence misery, famine, mis-fortune and revolt are raging in Russia. As a result Russia is on the verge of a revo-

lution.

'This has forced a great number to flee to this land of the free. The people are harnessed under the yoke of despotism. The burden of the war falls heaviest upon the Jews. Fathers of families are sent to the war; wives and children are left unprotected and uncared for and without any means of earning a living.

'Can you blame them for escaping from a sure death to themselves and a slow torture to their families? Is it any wonder that so many Jews desert military duty.

that so many Jews desert military duty, refusing to become targets for Japanese bullets, as they are placed always in the front line of fire? And why should Jews give up their lives for the Russian Czar, who does not give them the rights and privileges that even the peasants enjoy?

"The recent slaughter of innocent men, women and children in Bessarabia is yet fresh in the minds of the American people. And this is not the only black spot on the page of Russia's crimes. Why should they sacrifice their lives for a country which they cannot call their own—a country. that so many Jews desert military duty, they cannot call their own-a country

which denies them a living?
"Are our immigration officials deporting them to Russia in order that Russia may mish them for escaping military duty?

Jow has only a grave. "I hope the Immigration Bureau officials may see their error in deporting these hapless people to their graves. At least why not hold them and let them remain here

until the war is over?"

Dr. L. K. Frankel, manager of the United Hebrew Charities, said yesterday that he bad not a word of complaint to make against the administration of the Bureau of Immi-

gration.
"That there are hardships involved and that errors are made is inevitable, but I fully believe that the Commissioner of Immigration is doing his duty conscientiously and according to his best lights, wholly irrespective of blas or prejudice of any kind. The commission appointed by the President and on which I had the honor to serve made a thorough investigation of the Bu-reau of Immigration and gave the Com-missioner a clean bill of health.

"At the same time I am inclined to believe that the Commissioner is of those who think we are getting an excess of immigration from contral Europe and I think also the same opinion is held in Washington. I have understood that Mr. Sargent himself

Inder such circumstances it would be but natural for the Commissioner to draw the lines rigidly and in the case of a doubtful not to give that immigrant the

occustomed to American methods. Not only are families deprived of support when he husband and father is forced into the You know that Jews in Russia are forced with certain exceptions to live within a dewish reservation. A doctor or even a craftsman of any kind may, by special dispensation, receive a 'residence' in some place outside the pale. For instance, there are many Jews living even in St. Petersburg and other large Russian cities in that way. But the 'residence' is in him, and when he goes away the family loses it. Thus we have the astonishing speciacle of a man forced to leave his family and give up his life in defence of the country, while

we have the astonishing speciacle of a forced to leave his family and gives a life in defence of the country, while amily are virtually subjected to a tybecause of the fact. The family may we in their home city any more but go live within the pale as a penalty. The are great numbers of Jews in the an Army. Only a short time ago I letter from eighteen prisoners of war, them Jews, who were captured by abanese while they were serving as in the Russian Army. They wrote in the Russian Army. They wrote in the Russian Army. They wrote a contribution to assist them in a festival enterprise they had on foot.

"I believe that clock resents the coming of that electric line," Adams, said to-day, asking a contribution to assist them in a little festival enterprise they had on foot. Then, again, I am informed that 75 per cent. of the doctors in the Russian Army are

RUSSIAN JEWS POURING IN.

MANY FLEEING TO AMERICA TO ESCAPE MILITARY DUTY.

Some of Their Countrymen Here Complain That the Immigration Authorities Draw the Line Too Tightly—1,980 Ordered Deported in Two Weeks.

The immense number of Russian Jewish immigrants just now pouring into the cauntry is attracting a good deal of attention on the part of the immigration authorities as well as from the many Jewish philanthrophic societies.

The recent call for reserves in Russia caused a stampede of all who could get caused a stampede of all caused and a broad liberaition of the immigration and a broad lib

caused a stampede of all who could get out of the country in time to escape being sent to Manchuria. This applies particularly to the Jews in Russia who have no interest whatever in the war and who have little fondness for the Czar's Government. The United States is the objective point of the overwhelming majority of these refugees. In the last six weeks or two months they have been pouring in here by the thou-

In the last six weeks or two months they have been pouring in here by the thousands.

The rush in the week just ended has been particularly heavy. On Jan. 8, 700 that there were a hundred reservist refute that there were a hundred reservist refute that there were a hundred reservist refute the third that the third th been particularly heavy. On Jan. 8, 700 gees in New York penniless and in need of help, enough money would be raised in an hour to keep them all for a year. And the money, too, would come from the poor immigrants, all told, arrived; on Jan. 9, 1,575; on Jan. 10, 1,500; on Jan. 11, 1,000; on Jan. 12, 2,200; on Jan. 13, 800. This makes a total of 7,775 in six days, the returns for of the East Si ie quite as freely as from the

And of these thousands of arrivals an abnormally large number are found not to be within the regulations as to the control by the regulations as to the control of the situation lay in the construction of the term "likely to become a public charge."

"A man is not necessarily likely to become a public charge."

"A man is not necessarily likely to become a public charge, "he said, because he has no money. A man with a hundred dollars may become a public charge in a month after he lands, and the man with robust muscles and no money may be self-supporting from the start. Now mind, I am not critisizing the Bureau of Immigration in the least. All I say is that I think in their zeal to do their full official duty the officers of the Bureau may not always apply the plain common sense to always apply the plain common sense to the interpretation of the public charge problem, as so vague a term demands. The Board of Inquiry, in the cases before it, sits in somewhat the capacity of a jury, and a jury can only decide a question on evi-dence, and not on mere general impressions.

Shifted Between Countles by a Switch Engine, It Vielded a Fortune. Because one man elected by the people to enforce the law had the courage and ability to execute his duties, says the Cin-

cinnati Inquirer, the Madison poolroom, that famous gambling resort, one of the sources of three great fortunes, has been forced out of existence. For many years the owners and operators of the poolroom at Madison, III., just across the river from

then when he arrived. Likewise, when the Sheriff of St. Clair county got his machinery into working order and started to raid the poolroom the building was quietly drawn back over the line into the other county. For some reason the two Sheriffs never attempted concerted action. Citizens of Medican finally gave up the fight to drive Madison finally gave up the fight to drive the poolroom out of existence. The Cella-Adler-Tilles syndicate, which controls the racetracks of St. Louis, continued to operate profit, piling up one fortune after another until this winter.

Recently the people of Madison county, having elected Frank Gillham, an earnest young reformer, to be State Attorney, took heart again and started in to drive out the gamblers. Mr. Gillham made a study of the situation and discovered the people of the control of the property of the poolroom to be on the property of the Illinois Central Railroad. He accordingly served notice on the road that a disorderly served notice on the road that a disorderly and illegal resort was being conducted on its property and that the railroad would be held responsible for the continuation of the poolroom. Within three days the place was closed. But Mr. Gillham was not satisfied. He wanted the building torn down and all possibility of gambling operations being resumed eliminated forever. Accordingly a force of men employed by the railroad razed the building and represent from the site every scrap and removed from the site every scrap of timber. The poolroom passed out of existence amid the rejoicing of hundreds the place that for years had sheltered th most arrogant and unscrupulous lot of gamblers within the two States of Missouri and Illinois. Then thanksgiving services were held in every church in Madison.

THE CLOCK STOPPED SHORT In the Sharpsville Ratirond Station When

the Trolley Came to Town. INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 21.—Until this week the only railroad reaching Sharpsville, Tipton county, was a branch of the Lake Erie and Western. For a quarter of a century the old clock on the railroad station wall had been the town timepiece, and never failed in the performance of its duty.

never failed in the performance of its duty.

The electric line from Tipton to Rokomo was completed this week and the first electric car to reach Sharpsville arrived at 10:43 A. M. There was a celebration over the event, the president of the company announcing that the people of Sharpsville should have an hourly service instead of the one train each way a day as given

of the one train each way a day as given by the Lake Erie and Western.

Even Station Agent Adams of the Lake Erie and Western was not able to resist the general contagion, notwithstanding that the electric road was a rival of the steam

CRUSADE AGAINST THE MAFIA

ITALIANS IN THE MINING RE-GIONS TURN UPON IT.

Vigilance Committees Formed to Put a Stop to Blackmail, Face Slashings and Arson-Many Alleged Mafia Leaders in Jail-Communities in Fear.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 14 .- There has been a rebellion in the upper end of the anthracite coal region against the Mafia, which for years has oppressed whole communities of Italian workers in the mines. Refusing longer to submit to the blackmailing, the face slashings, stabbings and shootings which have marked the operations of the Mafia hereabouts, the Italians of Carbondale, Old Forge, Edgerton and a number of small hamlets in the vicinity of these larger places have organized for their own protection, and already have sent several agents of the Mafia to jail. In Carbondale the St. Joseph Protective Association is the name of the anti-Mana organization, and in Old Forge it is called simply the Vigilance

The crusade against the Mafia started in Carbondale, and was brought about by the murder of two members of the protective association, Joseph Flanaro and Frank Ferrizo, who were aiding in the arrest of a man accused of extorting money. Since then a mass of information has been collected concerning the different ways in which the Mafia operated and the number of its victims.

The main plan of the Mafia's operations was simple. The directions came from the heads of the society in New York.

Agents were installed in each town or hamlet where there were a number of Italians. Usually these agents worked or made a pretence of working for a living, ducting a small store or a saloon, but always with some apparent means of earning a

These agents secured lists of victims, selecting those who could be readily frightened, which were sent to headquarters.

Every few weeks two or more strangers sits in somewhat the capacity of a jury, and a jury can only decide a question on evidence, and not on mere general impressions. Before a man fails to be admitted on the ground that he may become a public charge, there should be some convincing evidence that he really is so liable."

Both Mr. Bijur and Dr. Frankel said that the advent of the Russian refugees had brought no demands upon the United Hebrew-Charities so far as they were aware.

Every few weeks two or more strangers would arrive in the town eelected for the scene of operations, and each of the marked victims would be called upon to pay the sum assessed. If he refused he was threatened.

If threats failed, and the case was considered of enough importance, another man was sent on from New York. The victim was pointed out to him, and in some manner the victim suffered.

Sometimes his face was slashed diagonal-

manner the victim suffered.

Sometimes his face was slashed diagonally, inflicting a scar which marked him for life. At other times he was stabbed in the legs or arms or shoulders, the agent taking care not to inflict a mortal wound. Sometimes the victim was shot in the legs.

After such an experience the victim of his relatives were usually glad to pay the ssessment.

Another method prevailed at Old Forge.
There men known to be Mafia agents waited
upon Italians and asked them to join the

Special Home Society, or some such or-ganization. The initiation fee and monthly dues were fixed according to the amount a victim was expected to pay. Sometimes the initiation was \$50 and the monthly dues \$10—this usually in the case of saloon-

at Madison. Iff. just across the river from St. Louis, defied or evaded the law. For a time so vigorous were the efforts made to drive the poolroom out of business it was found necessary to put the building on great trucks and keep a freight switch engine standing near at all times.

When, therefore, the Sheriff of Madison county decided to raid the poolroom the tip was quetkly passed to the manager of the room, the switch engine was quickly attached to the building and it was soon pulled a few yards over the line into St. Clair county. The Sheriff of Madison county, under such circumstances, would find the resort always out of his jurisdiction when he arrived. Likewise, when the Sheriff of St. Clair county got his machinery

Jim Scabo, a saloonkeeper, refused to join the society and was told that his house and saloon would be dynamited. He defied the men, armed himself and kept close watch upon his premises and was not

Peter Tennetti, who also defied the society received two letters, one demanting \$1,000 or his life, the other \$2,000 and saying that if he refused he would be killed on sight. He bought a shotgun and revolvers and went about armed. The other night he saw a man running

toward the hotel, and without waiting to ask questions fired and wounded him. The man was an American running for a late car. When the citizens of Old Forge decided to

When the citizens of Old Forge decided to run the Mafia gang out of town they captured and jailed Mike Sirian. John Ricca. Peter Sala, Santo Talafario, Philip Gemini and Frank Sellotti.

Rafeal Scolissa told the police another instance of the society's methods. He had a quarrel with a man, Sam Pegilone, who has since disappeared and is suspected of being a leader of the Mafia. Later two friends of Pegilone's waited upon him and said Pegilone had gone to Philadelphia to get two men to cut Scolissa's face, but they could be kept away if he paid \$16, their fare to Carbondale and return. Scolissa's mother paid the money at once. Sa's mother paid the money at once.

Quarrels were picked with other victims

and the same game worked.

Another scheme was to sell for several dollars tickets for raffles or balls which were er held. Other victims paid money to tabig man who was in trouble" out of meaning a leader of the Mafia who perhaps never seen the inside of a

A source of much profit was the establishment of a store by the Mafia. The Italians ment of a store by the Mafia. The Italians were forced to buy from the agent on credit and at the end of each month were told they owed so much, usually far in excess of their bill. In fear of injury they paid.

One Mafia agent who reached the region penniless early in December sent \$275 to his mother in Italy for Christmas. The postal receipt was found in his pocket when he was arrested.

he was arrested.

Among those arrested is John Costa of New York, who is charged with shooting Pasquale Cerritti. It is alleged that both are Mafia leaders and that they quarrelled about a division of the spoils and Cerritti threatened to tell the police some of the

Frank Munculo is charged with demanding \$50 from Salvatore Pettnotte under threat of cutting his throat and burning his house. Louis Scalzo is accused by Albino Rossa and his wife with demanding \$60 under threat of killing them and burning their house.

ing their house.

The police are now looking for the "olive oil man," as he is called. He seemed to be the chief agent of the seciety and visited the region every month or eo, ostensibly to sell olive oil. He is known to have given the local leaders instructions and to have taken away a large sum of money, which the heads in New York demanded as their share.

share.

Although the crusade has been successful so far, the Italians are fearful of reprisals by the Mafia. That is evident from the quiet of the little hamlet and the Italian colonies at night. Instead of the saloons being well filled, as formerly, they are empty, houses are locked up and lighted dimly or not at all. Few Italians are daring enough to enswer says call to the door after enough to answer any call to the door after dark, and it must be an urgent matter which induces an Italian to go down a lonely street after nightfall.

And yet, despite this fear, they are determined to protect one another. A few nights ago there was a quarrel in a lonely district at Carbondale, three or four shots were fired and in a few minutes several hundred Italians, most of them having replaces and guns, were on the scone. They

ers and guns, were on the scene. They ight it was an attack of the Masia and

Mattresses and Pillows.

NEW YORK, SUNDAY, JANUARY 22, 1905 .- Copyright, 1905, by The Sun Printing and Publishing Association

OTHER SALES:

New Spring Ribbons, Women's

Suits, Furs, Black and Colored

Silks, Dress Goods, New Wash

Fabrics, Women's Muslin Un-

derwear, Brass and Iron Beds,

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Please use BLUE TRANS-FER CARDS when you make purchases in more than TWO departments and expect to take them with you. Use PINK CARDS when goods are to be

Sale of Carpet Size Rugs.

Royal Wiltons and Best Body Brussels; the Largest Single Purchase We Ever Made Becomes the Basis of a Record Value-Giving Event.

In the main, this great collection of Rugs is made up of "dropped" designs the manufacturer decided to discontinue-just as Carpet makers discontinue patterns once a year. The manufacturer thought there was no one store capable of handling the entire lot, so he planned to give us-his largest New York customers-a generous share, and to distribute the remain-

der among out-of-town dealers. We took all—and the price-concession was made correspondingly greater. The stock includes what are generally termed "room-size" Rugs-those ranging from 6x9 feet up to 12.9x15 feet. Because so many of these sizes are particularly adapted for service-giving in

hotels and boarding houses buyers of such supplies should be particularly interested. The rugs are best quality. The Wiltons especially are made of worsted and are very much superior to the woollen Wiltons. These Rugs are in various patterns—from one to fifteen designs to each size. Among them :-

Brussels Rugs. Carpet Third	Wilton Rugs.
Sale Price. Size 6 x 9 feet. Regularly \$17.49 \$14.96 Size 8.3x10.6 feet. Regularly \$22.49 18.49 Size 9 x12 feet. Regularly \$24.98 19.96 Size 9 x15 feet. Regularly \$32.98 27.74 Size 10.6x12 feet. Regularly \$33.98 27.74 Size 10.6x13.6 feet. Regularly \$37.98 31.49 Size 10.6x15 feet. Regularly \$41.98 33.74 Size 11.3x13.6 feet. Regularly \$37.98 31.49 Size 11.3x15 feet. Regularly \$37.98 31.49	Size 6 x 9 feet. Regularly \$19.74 \$16.74 Size 8.3x10.6 feet. Regularly \$29.74 25.49 Size 9 x12 feet. Regularly \$34.49 27.74 Size 9 x15 feet. Regularly \$44.74 37.96 Size 10.6x12 feet. Regularly \$44.74 37.96 Size 10.6x13.6 feet. Regularly \$49.74 39.96 Size 10.6x15 feet. Regularly \$49.74 44.63 Size 11.3x13.6 feet. Regularly \$49.74 39.96 Size 11.3x15 feet. Regularly \$49.74 39.96 Size 12.9x15 feet. Regularly \$68.74 44.63 Size 12.9x15 feet. Regularly \$75.49 x 58.49

Special Sale of Cooking Utensils

The wares offered are First Quality wares. We never handle "seconds," though by so doing we might double our profits. Inferior quality Cooking Utensils are just as detrimental to health as inferior grades of Foodstuffs and Wines. In such lines we are critically particular in observing the Macy rule—never to sacrifice quality to make a

Agate Rice or Milk Boilers, 1 qt., 43c.; 2 qt., 53c.

Agate Berlin Sauce Pans, No. 4, 24e.; No. 6, 38c.

Agate Tea Kettles, No. 6, 38c.; No. 7, 49c. Agate Dish Pans, 14 qt., 43c. Agate Lipped Sauce Pans, 3 qt., 19c.; 4 qt.,

Agate Tea Pots, 2 qt., 33c. Agate Coffee Pots, 2 qt., 33c.

ALUMINUM WARE :-Lipped Sauce Pans, 24c., 29c., 38c., 46c. Fry Pans. 56c., 69c., 79c. Rice Boilers, 98c., \$1.28, \$1.56. Preserving Kettles, 69c., 83c., \$1.24. Tea Kettles, \$2.48, \$2.64, \$2.96. Round Trays, 41c., 59c., 69c. Oval Trays, 88c., \$1.03, \$1.34. Round Griddles, \$1.89, \$2.44. Waffle Irons, \$2.06.

MISCELLANEOUS :--Japanned Toilet Stands, with bowl and pitcher,

Galvanized Garbage Cans, with cover, 29c. Solid Oak Umbrella Stands, \$2.31. Family Tea Scales, 69c. Hardwood Knife Boxes, 9c. Table Oilcloth, best quality, 11/4 yds. wide, at

Men's Wear Earning a Place Among Important January Sales.

Two hundred dozen Negligee Shirts, pleated and plain bosoms, all choice patterns regularly 94c, each, sale price. Large size Shirts—a special group—regularly 94c. and \$1.24; sale price. 48c Heavy Muslin Night Shirts, fancy Domet Flannel Pajamas, regularly 94c. Fine quality Muslin Pajamas, nicely finished, all with pearl buttons; value \$1.00,

Collars—1,200 dozen, selected from our regular line; made of 2100-count linen—really finer quality than the Collars usually sold at 25c. each; sale price, each....9e For a Clearance Sale We Have Reduced Prices of All Our Lounging and Bath Robes-1-3 to 1-2 Reductions.

Bedspreads, Sheets and Pillow Cases

Hemmed Crochet Spreads, Marseilles designs, size 75x88 inches; regularly \$1.19 each, sale price......98c The same, extra weght, size 76x88 The same, extra wegan, inches; regularly \$1.33 each; sale price, \$1.13 The same, size 85x90 inches; regular value \$1.75 each; sale price.... \$1.49 Hemmed satin finished Spreads, choice designs, size 76x88 inches; value \$2.25 Fringed Crochet Spreads, with cut Size 90x98 inches, each \$1.98

"Fruit-of-the-Loom" Sheets, all hem-Size 54x 90 inches, each 44c Size 63x 90 inches, each Size 72x 99 inches, each 59e Size 81x 90 inches, each 59c Size 81x 99 inches, each 64c "Fruit-of-the-Loom" Pillow Cases, hem-Size 54x36 inches, each16c

Size 50x381/2 in., each 16c

Bleached Sheets with seam in centre,

Special Value-Giving In Curtains, Draperies and Screens. 8d Floor. Ruffled Bobbinet Lace Curtains, fin-ished with lace edging and insertion to

Regular \$1.35 grade at 98c. pair. Regular \$1.90 grade at \$1.49 pair. Regular \$2.15 grade at \$1.69 pair. Regular \$2.60 grade at \$1.98 pair.

Regular \$2.85 grade at \$2.24 pair. Ruffled Muslin Cottage Curtains, large range of patterns:-Regular 80c. grade at 59c. pair. Regular \$1,20 grade at 98c. pair. Regular \$1.65 grade at \$1.24 pair. Regular \$1.80 grade at \$1.49 pair. Irish Point Lace Curtains in fine nov elty or all-over effects, in white, ivory or

Regular \$5.25 grade at \$3.98 pair. Regular \$5.75 grade at \$4.48 pair. Regular \$6.90 grade at \$4.98 pair. Regular \$7.50 grade at \$5.74 pair. Regular \$8.00 grade at \$6.24 pair. Three-fold Screens, in oak, cherry and white enamel covered with fancy and white enamer covered silkolines, sold elsewhere at \$1.00; our 796

Sofa Cushions, covered with Oriental and Bagdad Striped Tapestry; sold else where at \$1.50; our price996 Tapestries, suitable for draperies or furniture covering, all 50 inches wide, good staple colorings:-

Regularly 75c a yard, at 39c. Regularly 95c a yard, at 89e. Regularly \$1.10 a yard, at 74c.

Clearance of Wall Papers.

Twice a year we clear Wall Paper Stocks. To-morrow over one thousand rolls papers of ever v sort will be offered at very special figures. Specimen values:-Papers, regularly 4c. to 8c. a roll. 2c | 38c. to 59c. rolls | 13c. to 18c. rolls | 13c. to 18c. rolls | 24c. to 34c. rolls | 14c. to 23c. rolls | 10c | 67c. to 83c. rolls | 10c | 67c Better Qualities Correspondingly Reduced. Fancy Room Mouldings to match the above papers, per foot, 4c., 5c., 6c. and 7c.

Sale of Combination Sets of China and Glassware.

Judge the matchless facilities of this Macy China Store by this offering of Combination Services-practically both sets for the same or even less than is as ed elsewhere for the China sets alone;-Theo. Haviland China Dinner Sets Decorated Porcelain Dinner Sets, 100

pieces and a Glass Service of 30 piecestotal 130 pieces, complete, for 87.43 Decorated Porcelain Dinner Sets, 102 pieces, including soup tureen, and a Bohemian Glass Service of 60 pieces total 162 pieces, complete, for ... \$13.93 Decorated Austrian China Dinner Sets.

101 pieces, including soup tureen, and a Bohemian Glass Service of 60 pieces total 161 pieces, for \$20.82 Limoges China Dinner Set, 112 pieces, gold band and line, with artistic monogram, and Glass Service of 60 pieces, with gold monogram to match—total 172

101 pieces, pretty decorations, stippled gold handles, and engraved Bohemian Glass Service of 60 pieces-total 161 Theo. Haviland China Dinner Set, 112 pieces, bouquet decorations, gilt handles,

and engraved Glass Service of 60 pieces-Austrian China Dinner Set, maroon gold lace border, 101 pieces, and Gold Glass Service of 60 pieces—total 161 843.76 pieces, for

Limoges China Dinner Set, 112 pieces, total 172 gold lace border, and Gold Glass Service of 60 pieces—total 172 pieces, for ... \$66.29

Open Stock Patterns.

Over fifty styles of Berlin, French, English, Austrian and American Decorated China known as "Open Stock Patterns." These we sell by the set or by the single piece. This permits our patrons to choose sets that serve their individual requirements and at any time replace articles that may be broken.

Under-price Sale of Trunks.

Trunk styles change in triffing details-a new sort of lock, a different design in binding and clamping—just enough of a change to induce the maker to sacrifice all of the other styles he happens to have on hand. It's the penalty he pays for making this year's line a trifle different from last year's. You gain a full third. "Ideal" Cabin Trunks, covered with heavy waterproof canvas, protected by

hardwood slats and fibre binding; leather straps and good lock-38-Inch. 30-inch. 32-inch. 34-inch. \$3.59 \$3.96 \$4.19 \$2.74 \$2.96 \$3.29 "Tourist" Cabin Trunks, covered with heavy duck, iron bound, brass "Excelsior" ock; deep set-up tray, collar and cuff box, lined throughout with cloth-34-Inch. \$6-Inch. 32-inch. \$4.49 \$4.79 \$5.11 "Niagara" Travelling Trunks, iron bound, covered with waterproof canvas, ardwood slats, strap hinges, iron bottom, stitched leather handles, brass "Excelsion"

lock; all parts riveted, deep set-up tray, drum bottom dress tray, lined with linen \$5.88 \$8.24 \$5.16 \$5.52 "Continental" Travelling Trunks, made of selected wood, covered with heavy duck, protected by heavy hardwood slats, leather bound, stitched leather handles, Excelsior" lock, iron bottom, two heavy leather straps; deep set-up tray and drum bottom dress tray, lined with cloth throughout-40 Inch. 34-inch.

\$9.16 \$8.69 \$7.79 \$8.24 Good Groceries. -sth F.

NATIONAL BISCUIT CO.'S CRACKERS. W. REGULAR 10C. IN-ER-SEAL CARTONS. Butter and Water Thins, Grahams and Social Teas, Lady Fingers and Saltines; sold regularly by others at 10c. a carton; our price for this sale, 7c. a carton; six car-

VIENNA BRAND COFFEE. PEKIN CHOP TEA. LILY WHITE CHOP TEA.

Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast Ceylon, Young Hyson, Japan, Gun-powder and Mixed; our regular price 68c. a pound. Special this sale:-59c. a pound. 5-lb. caddy, \$2.69. 10-lb. caddy, \$5.28.

Formosa Oolong, English Breakfast and Mixed:-1-lb. carton, regular price 24c.; for this sale, 13c. 5-lb caddy, regular price \$1.14; for this sale, 94c. 10-lb. caddy, regular price \$2.16; for this sale, \$1.94.

Macedoines, can, 190

TOMATOES.

MACY'S FAMOUS CHOCOLATE. Triple Vanilla and Premium, full weight, 1/2-lb. cake; regular price 17c; for this sale, 14c. each; \$1.57 dozen. OUR FAMOUS RED STAR BRAND "QUICK LUNCH" CHOCOLATE.

(Directions for use enclosed in each can.) 1/2-lb. cans, regular price 17c.; this sale 14c. 1-lb. cans, regular price 31c.; this sale 27c. 5-lb. can, regular price \$1.29; this sale \$1.18. A SPECIAL SALE OF CEREALS.

Lily White Brand White Oat Flakes-Not the ordinary raw rolled oats, but thoroughly

parched by the latest and most improved process in the largest and best equipped mill in the world; "No good Oatmeal so cheap, no cheap Oatmeal so good"; 2-lb. cartons, regular price 9c.; for this sale 6c.; doz., 69c.

241/2-lb. cotton bags, regular price 82c.; for this sale 68c. Barley, finest quality, coarse and fine; sold elsewhere at 8c. a pound; our price for one-pound cartons, 5c.; dozen, 58c.

Extra Quality Russian Lentils, sold elsewhere at 10c. lb/; our price for 1-lb. cartons, 7c.; doz., 79c Best White Granulated Farina, sold by others at 10c. a package; our price for 1-lb. cartons, 5c.; doz., 58c.; 5-lb. cotton bags, 23c.

Extra Quality Head Rice, large whole grain; sold in cotton bags only; 5-lb. bag, 23c.; Fanciest Carolina Whole Head Rice—the best quality grown; 2-lb. cartons, regular price 16c.; for this sale, 14c.; doz., \$1.57; 5-lb. cotton bags, regular price 39c.; for this sale 33c.; 10-lb. cotton bags, our regular price 76c.; for this sale 64c. Lily White Brand XXXX Patent Flour, 241/2-lb. cotton bags, 82c; half barrel, \$3.38;

MUSHROOMS.

Hotel, can, 18c.; dozen, 82.07

Leon Marceau & Co. Brand. Moyens, can, 13c.; dozen, 81.46 Fins. can. 18c.; dozen. 82.06 Extra Fins. can. 23c.; dozen. 82.66 CORN.

Kidner Beans; 2-lb. cans; 8c.; can; 91c. dozen. CORN.

Jessamine Brand, tender, rich and creamy: equal quality sold eisewhere at 14c. can; can, 10c.; dozen.

Lily White Brand, extra quality: equal quality sold elsewhere at 16c. a can; can, 12c.; dozen.

Lily White Brand, extra quality: equal quality sold elsewhere at 16c. a can; can, 12c.; dozen.

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Lily White Brand, extra quality: equality: equa

Royal English Worcestshire Sauce. % bot. 14c.; dozen, \$1.57; 14 bot. 24c.; dozen, \$2.69; wheat; 3-b. carnoss, each. 14c.; dozen, \$1.57. Lily White brand Maple Syrup; small bottle.

14c; dozen, \$1.57; ½ boil. 24c; dozen, \$2.09; large bottle, 44o; dozen, \$3.06.

Smith's Liebig Extract of Beef; 2 oz., 24c; 6 oz., 39c; 8 oz., 74c; 10 oz., \$1.44.

New season's Lily White brand Tomato Catsup, guaranteed absolutely pure and uncolored; 12 plot, 10c; dozen, \$1.14; plnt, 16c; dozen, \$1.24.

Virgin French Olive Oil, Leon Marceau brand, our own exclusive importation; ½ plnt, 21c, each, 74c.

Lily White brand Maple Syrup; small bottle, 19c; dozen, \$1.67; ½ gallon can, each, 50e; 1 gallon can, each, 50e; 1 gallon can, each, 52c; dozen, \$1.24.

Lily White brand Orange Marmalade absolutely pure, pound glass jars, each